

# **UTC** UNISONIC TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

# **NE555**

# LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

# SINGLE TIMER

#### DESCRIPTION

The UTC NE555 is a highly stable timer integrated circuit. It can be operated in both Astable and Monostable mode. With monostable operation, the time delay is precisely controlled by one external and one capacitor. With a stable operation as an oscillator the frequency and duty cycle are both accurately controlled with two external resistors and one capacitor.

#### **FEATURES**

\*High current driver capability(=200mA).

\*Adjustable duty cycle.

\*Timing from µs to hours.

\*Turn off time less than  $2\mu s$ .

\*Operates in both astable and monostable modes.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Ordering Number			Dookogo	Docking	
Normal	Lead Free	Halogen Free	Package	Packing	
NE555-D08-T	NE555L-D08-T	NE555G-D08-T	DIP-8	Tube	
NE555-S08-R	NE555L-S08-R	NE555G-S08-R	SOP-8	Tape Reel	
NE555-S08-T	NE555L-S08-T	NE555G-S08-T	SOP-8	Tube	





DIP-8

# NE555

### PIN CONFIGURATION





#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**





### ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vcc	16	V
Power Dissipation	PD	600	mW
Junction Temperature	TJ	+125	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-20 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 ~ +150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

### ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V<sub>CC</sub>=5 ~ 15V, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5		16	V
Supply Current (Note 1)		Icc	$V_{CC}=5V, R_{L}=\infty$		3	6	mA
			$V_{CC}$ =15V, $R_{L}$ = $\infty$		7.5	15	mA
Initial Accurary (Note 2)	Monostable	- A <sub>CCUR</sub>	R <sub>A</sub> =1k ~ 100kΩ		1.0	3.0	%
	Astable				2.25		%
Drift with Temperature	Monostable	Δt/ΔT	C=0.1µF		50		ppm/°C
	Astable				150		ppm/°C
Drift with Supply Voltage	Monostable	Δt/ΔV <sub>CC</sub>			0.1	0.5	%/V
	Astable				0.3		%/V
			V <sub>CC</sub> =15V	9.0	10.0	11.0	V
Control Voltage		Vc	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V	2.6	3.33	4.0	V
Threshold Voltage		V <sub>TH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =15V		10.0		V
Threshold Voltage			V <sub>CC</sub> =5V		3.33		V
Threshold Current(Note 3)		I <sub>TH</sub>			0.1	0.25	μA
Trigger Voltage		V <sub>TR</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V	1.1	1.67	2.2	V
			V <sub>CC</sub> =15V	4.5	5	5.6	V
Trigger Current		I <sub>TR</sub>	V <sub>TR</sub> =0		0.01	2.0	μΑ
Reset Voltage		V <sub>RST</sub>		0.4	0.7	1.0	V
Reset Current		I <sub>RST</sub>			0.1	0.4	mA
			V <sub>CC</sub> =15V				
			I <sub>SINK</sub> =10mA		0.06	0.25	V
Low Output Voltage		Vol	I <sub>SINK</sub> =50mA		0.3	0.75	V
			V <sub>CC</sub> =5V				
			I <sub>SINK</sub> =5mA		0.05	0.35	V
			V <sub>CC</sub> =15V				
High Output Voltage		V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> =200mA		12.5		V
nigh Oulput vollage		∨он	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> =100mA	12.75	13.3		V
			V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> =100mA	2.75	3.3		V
Rise Time of Output		t <sub>R</sub>			100		ns
Fall Time of Output		t <sub>F</sub>			100		ns
Discharge Leakage Current		I <sub>LKG</sub>			20	100	nA

Note 1: Supply current when output high typically 1mA less at  $V_{CC}$ =5V.

Note 2: Tested at V<sub>CC</sub>=5.0V and V<sub>CC</sub>=15V.

Note 3: This will determine the maximum value of  $R_A+R_B$  for 15V operation, The maximum total is R=20M $\Omega$ , and for 5V operation the maximum total is R=6.7M $\Omega$ .



### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT





# NE555

### TYPICAL APPLICATION NOTES

The application circuit shows astable mode configuration.

Pin 6 (Threshold ) is tied to Pin 2 (Trigger ) and Pin 4 (reset ) is tied to  $V_{CC}$  (Pin 8). The external capacitor C1 of Pin 6 and Pin 2 charges through  $R_A$ ,  $R_B$  and dischages through  $R_B$  only. In the internal circuit of UTC NE555, one input of the upper comparator is at voltage of 2/3Vcc(R1=R2=R3),another input is connected to Pin 6.As soon as C1 is charging to higher than 2/3Vcc, transistor Q1 is turned ON and discharge C1 to collector voltage of transistor Q1. Therefore, the flip-flop circuit is reset and output is low. One input of lower comparator is at voltage of 1/3Vcc, discharge transistor Q1 turn off and C1 charges through RA and RB. Therefore, the flip-flop circuit is set output high.

That is, when C1 charges through  $R_A$  and  $R_B$ , output is high and when C1 discharge through  $R_B$ , output is low. The charge time(output is high) t1 is  $0.693(R_A+R_B)$  C1 and the discharge time (output is low) T2 is  $0.693 R_B$ \*C1.

$$\ln\left(\frac{Vcc-\frac{1}{3}Vcc}{Vcc-\frac{2}{3}Vcc}\right) = 0.693$$

Thus the total period time T is given by  $T=T1+T2=0.693(R_A+2R_B)*C1$ .

 $\begin{array}{l} T1{=}0.693^{*}(R_{A}{+}R_{B})^{*}C1 \\ T2{=}0.693^{*}R_{B}^{*}C1 \end{array}$ 

Then the frequency of astable mode is given by

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1.44}{(R_A + 2R_B) * C1}$$
  
The duty cycle is given by

$$D.C. = \frac{T2}{T} = \frac{R_B}{R_A + 2R_B}$$

# **NE555**

## LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 



UNISONIC TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

UTC assumes no responsibility for equipment failures that result from using products at values that exceed, even momentarily, rated values (such as maximum ratings, operating condition ranges, or other parameters) listed in products specifications of any and all UTC products described or contained herein. UTC products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can be reasonably expected to result in personal injury. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner. The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice.

